

The Indianapolis Sentinel.

VOL. XXXIV--NO. 78.

INDIANAPOLIS, THURSDAY MORNING, MARCH 19, 1885.

WHOLE NO. 10,143.

WHEN INDICATIONS.

FOR THURSDAY.—Generally fair and warmer weather, winds generally westerly.

Extensive preparations are being made at our Factory for the Spring and Summer Trade, and when the season opens we will be in the lead regarding variety, quality and prices, at the

WHEN Clothing Store.

Rare Bargains now in Broken Lines in Every Department.

CATARRH

That pure, sweet, safe and effective American preparation of Witch-Hazel, American Pine, Canada Fir, Marigold and Clover Blossom, called Sanfor's Radical Cure for Catarrh, with one box Catarrh Solvent and one Sanfor's Improved Inhaler, all in one package, may now be had of all druggists for \$1. Ask for Sanfor's Radical Cure.

Complete Local and Constitutional Treatment for every form of Catarrh, from a Simple Cold or Influenza to loss of Sight, Taste and Hearing, Cough, Bronchitis, and Catarrh Consumption, in every package.

Clergymen, Vocalists, And Public Speakers without number owe their present usefulness and success to Sanfor's Radical Cure for Catarrh.

Rev. Dr. Wiggins says: "One of the best remedies for Catarrh—say, the best remedy we have found in a lifetime of suffering—is Sanfor's Radical Cure. It clears the head and throat so thoroughly that, taken each morning on rising, there are no unpleasant secretions and no disagreeable hacking during the entire day, but an unprecedented clearness of voice and respiratory organs."

Sold by all druggists. Price, \$1.

Potter Drug and Chemical Co., Boston.

COLLINS' PLASTERS Weary sufferer from Rheumatism, Neuralgia, Weak Muscles, Sore Throat, Coughs and Colds, Stomach and Bowels, Dyspepsia, Female Weakness, Shooting Pains through the Loins and Back, try these Plasters. Placed over the site of the Stomach, they prevent and cure acute Pains, Bilious Colic, Liver Complaints, and protect the system from a thousand ills. 25c.

DON'T Forget we have the renowned KNABE PIANOS

In All Styles—Grands, Squares and Uprights.

Theo Pfafflin & Co.

82 and 84 North Pennsylvania St. Everett Pianos. Story & Clark Organs. Tuning, repairing and moving a specialty.

BIRD CAGES.

Mocking Bird, Red Bird, Parrot and Canary Cages, Breeding and Squirrel Cages, Cage Springs and Hooks.

The best Bird Seed and Gravel.

Mocking Bird Food.

CHARLES MAYER & CO. 29 and 31 W. Washington St.

SPRING OVERCOATS.

Largest and Finest line ever seen in the city.

Prices, \$5 to \$25.

Save a doctor's bill by buying one of these necessary articles.

MODEL.

THE NATION'S CAPITAL.

Inter-State Commerce Bill Sure to be Passed by the Next Congress—Talk About Office.

Various Appointments Made by the New Administration—The Nominations Sent In.

THE FORTY-NINTH CONGRESS.

Promises of Its Doings Being Already Made.

Special to the Sentinel.

WASHINGTON, March 18.—It is now evident that the question of inter-state commerce will figure largely in the proceedings of Congress next winter, and it is equally apparent that a bill of some kind looking to the regulation of railroad traffic will become a law by the act of that session. The selection of a special committee in the Senate, or the determination to select only to investigate the question, looks very business like. Senator Cullom, of Illinois, who originated the resolution creating the special committee, says there is little doubt that the Forty-ninth Congress will pass an inter-state commerce law, and as he is not quite clear whether it should be executed through a commission or the provisions already made, he wants some information on the subject.

Nearly all the railroads in the country have attorneys or other representatives here working against anything of the kind. Heretofore they have managed to defeat all measures looking toward the control of railroad traffic by means of law, but it is improbable they can do it longer. Whether right or wrong the people are gazing their representatives in Congress on to the passage of such a bill.

Hints to Anxious Office-Seekers.

Special to the Sentinel.

WASHINGTON, March 18.—"People who want office are much too impatient," exclaimed an exasperated Senator who had just been to see the President to-day. "Now, if they could know enough to wait until the President and his Cabinet can get their thinking caps on everything will come out all right. I can tell you one thing; no one will be appointed who clamors, and no one will be appointed at this time except to fill a vacancy, or a very important office."

"What do you mean by important office?" asked the office-seeker.

"Well, the office you want is not one.

Here, you want to be Internal Revenue Collector, and you are as restless as if you thought the whole service of the Government was being impaired by your not receiving the place instantly. Why, bless you, my dear fellow, the filling of that place is of no consequence to the President, and I can not impress to the contrary. Phil Thompson, of Kentucky, would have been appointed Internal Revenue Commissioner if he had not overdone the pressing of his claim. Have a care, or you will overshoot the mark."

Indians at the Capital.

Special to the Sentinel.

WASHINGTON, March 18.—Among the President's callers to-day were Representative Lowry and Senators Voorhees and Harrison. The latter has concluded not to leave here for Indiana until Friday afternoon.

Ex-Senator McDonald was on the floor of the Senate this afternoon. His reception was a hearty one. To-night he dined with the President, and lingered at the White House until late.

Senator Voorhees and Representative Holman called upon Secretary Manning again to-day in the interest of ex-Representative Stockslager's appointment to the Second Comptrollership of the Treasury. They consider the prospects of Stockslager bright.

Indianapolis people here look for the nomination of a Postmaster to be sent to the Senate on Friday or Saturday. It is a matter of much doubt now whether it will be Aquila Jones or Frank E. Creelman.

NATIONAL AFFAIRS.

The President's Birthday—Appointments—Various Matters of Interest and Gossip.

WASHINGTON, March 18.—President Cleveland is forty-eight years old to-day, and most of his callers took occasion to congratulate him. A little child, to whom the President had been particularly kind a few days since, sent him a handsome bouquet of violets, with her card, wishing him many happy returns of the day.

William H. Vanderbilt, of New York, had a short interview with the President to-day.

Dr. Francis Wharton, of Philadelphia, has been appointed legal adviser upon questions of international law in the State Department to succeed Judge Henry O'Connor. Dr. Wharton resigns from the chair of international law of the Boston University to accept the position.

J. J. S. Hauser, of West Virginia, has been appointed a clerk in the Interior Department.

In the executive session of the Senate the injunction of secrecy was removed from the following resolution, introduced by Mr. Edmunds on last Friday, and agreed to by the Senate yesterday:

Whereas, the Senate of the United States has learned that the Government of the Republic of Guatemala has set on foot or threatens to set on foot, an invasion of the territories of the Republic of Nicaragua, Costa Rica and San Salvador, with the professed object of consolidating into one Government the Republics of Central America by force of arms and against the wishes of the several Republics concerned; and

Whereas, there is pending between the United States and the Republic of Nicaragua a treaty providing for the construction of an inter-oceanic canal across the continent and in the Republic of Nicaragua for the general benefit of all Central American Republics, as well as the United States,

which treaty, it is understood, the Republic of Nicaragua has refused to accede to;

Resolved, As the judgment of the Senate, that in view of the special and important interests of the United States in conjunction with those Republics of Nicaragua, Costa Rica and San Salvador, and in view of the fact that the Republic of Nicaragua is now in the possession of the territory of Nicaragua and Costa Rica by the forces of Guatemala, under the circumstances and with the purposes above stated, it is the duty of the Senate, and ought to be treated by the United States as an act of unfriendly and hostile interference with the rights of the United States and of the Republics of Nicaragua and Costa Rica in respect to said matters.

General Hazen concluded his testimony before the Court Martial to-day and the argument will commence to-morrow.

Commissioner Black has asked Governor Martin, of Kansas, to call the county clerks of that State to the attention of the Court of Record, to promptly notify them not to acknowledge any more pension declarations of Kansas soldiers, but to give notice to the applicants that they will be able to go before the proper officers and execute proper declarations.

In answer to various statements concerning the ill health of Senator Stanford, an intimate friend of that gentleman sympathetically that he is in excellent health and thoroughly equipped for his public duties.

Henry A. Newman, a detailed stationer, has been appointed a special agent of the Labor Bureau. Newman was formerly Chief of the Missouri Bureau of Statistics, and is regarded as being peculiarly well fitted for the duties of his new position, in which he will be required to make a thorough investigation of the condition of the laboring classes in the States of the Upper Mississippi Valley.

The following certificate was issued to-day from the office of the First Comptroller of the Treasury to Director General Burke, of the New Orleans Exposition:

OFFICE OF THE FIRST COMPTROLLER OF THE TREASURY, WASHINGTON, March 18.

This is to certify that, in accordance with the provisions of Congress in appropriating \$1,000,000 as a loan to the World's Industrial and Cotton Centennial Exposition of 1884, at New Orleans, John B. Leffitt, Treasurer of said Exposition, has filed in this office detailed statements, accompanied by vouchers, exhibiting the disbursements for the purposes as recited in the act, as follows, viz: September 27, 1884, a detailed statement and vouchers for \$499,999; October 16, 1884, detailed statement and vouchers for \$165,667; November 1, 1884, a detailed statement and vouchers for \$165,667; total, \$1,000,000. Said statements and vouchers have been examined by the First Comptroller of the Treasury and found correct in amount, and to pertain to the purposes required by the said act.

(Signed) J. TABERLL, Deputy Comptroller.

The Oklahoma question is being further considered by the Administration, and General Weaver and Henry Clarke, representing the settlers here, are earnestly urging immediate action. It is probable a conclusion will be reached in a very short time, possibly to-morrow, as the situation in Southern Kansas is considered critical.

Information received here to-night shows that the settlers are very much exasperated because the cattle men claim the recent action of the Government leaves them in the exclusive possession of Oklahoma and the Indian territory. The representatives of the settlers here are making every effort to require the removal of all cattle syndicates.

The Senate has confirmed Joseph S. Miller Commissioner of Internal Revenue.

Sketches of Yesterday's Nominations.

WASHINGTON, March 18.—Martin Van Buren Montgomery, nominated to-day for Commissioner of Patents, is a lawyer of good standing and large practice at Lansing, Mich. The President knew his qualifications, and this morning requested a friend to telegraph to him and ask him if he would serve the Administration as Patent Commissioner. This was the first suggestion of the matter. His answer: "I am a candidate for no office, but my services are at the command of President Cleveland." His name was immediately transmitted to the Senate.

Montgomery was the attorney selected by the homesteaders of Michigan to represent them before the Congressional Commissioners in the Michigan land grab case, and his argument has created a very favorable opinion of his ability.

Malcolm Hay, nominated for First Assistant Postmaster General, is a prominent lawyer of Pittsburgh. He was a member of the last Constitutional Convention of Pennsylvania, and for years has been prominently identified with the Democratic party in that State. He was not a candidate for the position to which he has been nominated, and was induced for it by no one. The President knew his reputation and telegraphed him to come here, and on his arrival this morning requested him to take the place of First Assistant Postmaster General. He accepted, and within an hour his name was sent to the Senate by the President.

Milton J. Durham, nominated to-day to be First Comptroller of the Treasury in place of Judge Lawrence, was born in Mercer County, Kentucky, May 16, 1824, and graduated at Asbury University, Indiana, in 1844. He studied law in the Louisville Law School, and was one of the Circuit Judges of Kentucky in 1861 and 1862, and with the exception of those years, has been engaged in the practice of law at Louisville since 1867. He was elected to the Forty-fourth Congress and re-elected to the Forty-fifth, and served on the Committees of Banking and Currency, the Department of Justice and the revision of the laws.

Evans' Letter to Secretary Manning.

WASHINGTON, March 18.—Mr. Evans, Commissioner of Internal Revenue, said to-day it was not true, as asserted in the executive session of the Senate yesterday, that he had expressed to Secretary Manning a willingness to resign. "As a matter of course," said Evans, "I not only have not resigned, nor have I ever had a word of conversation on the subject with either the President or Secretary Manning." Evans has written a letter to the Secretary of the Treasury in regard to the matter, of which the following is a copy:

Hon. Daniel Manning, Secretary of the Treasury: Sir—I have received your letter of this date, in which you state that, by direction of the President, I am informed that my resignation as Commissioner of Internal Revenue is accepted, to take effect upon the qualification of my successor. I was hardly prepared to receive such a letter to-day, in view of the fact that I had not resigned, and that my successor was nominated to the Senate yesterday. It may be proper that I should take this occasion to state that while I have never resigned, nor even had a proper opportunity to talk to you upon the subject, still I have been my fixed purpose to resign at an early day. In no event later than the fiscal year, my second in office and I thought I had a right to make it fair to assume no existence of apparent cause for believing there was too great a disposition to avoid valid removal to make it necessary for me to speak of it, if at all. In the

hurry of the earliest days of the administration I was acting upon that assumption, and with a thought or desire to embarrass anybody, and no supposing I was doing so. Very respectfully, (Signed) WALTER EVANS, Commissioner of Internal Revenue.

Senate Proceedings.

WASHINGTON, March 18.—The Chair laid before the Senate the resolution offered by Mr. Miller, of New York, authorizing the Committee on Agriculture and Forestry to sit during recess to consider the best means of preserving the forests on the public domain, and to employ a clerk.

A brief debate ensued, developing the fact that the only object of the resolution was to give employment to the clerk of the committee named during recess. It was agreed to, however, by 27 to 25. The division was upon party lines, except in the case of Call, who voted in the affirmative, and Riddleberger and Sherman, who voted in the negative.

Nominations.

WASHINGTON, March 18.—Milton J. Durham, of Kentucky, First Comptroller of the Treasury. Wm. Garrar, of Nevada, Superintendent of the Mint at Carson City, Nevada. Joseph E. Ryan, Nevada, Coiner of the Mint at Carson City, Nevada. Malcolm Hay, of Pennsylvania, First Assistant Postmaster General. Martin Montgomery, of Michigan, Commissioner of Patents. David L. Baker, Jr., of Rhode Island, Attorney of the United States District of Rhode Island. Benjamin A. Hill Jr., of Georgia, Attorney of the United States Northern District of Georgia.

The Cowboys of New Mexico.

DENVER, Col., March 18.—The Tribune-Republican's Springfield (N.M.) special says: "By order of President Cleveland a detachment of the Tenth Infantry arrived this afternoon and escorted to Las Vegas for safe keeping the besieged officers, Lee, Kimberly and Hixenbaugh, the players of the three desperadoes, Rogers, Currie and Red River Tom, in their attack on the officers in the jail on Monday last. While many of the cowboy avengers left town last night, many still remained, determined to avenge the death of their comrades as soon as the officers made appearance. Of this latter were advised, hence the request of the Governor for a military escort out of town. On the arrival of the train the inhabitants flocked to the house-tops and the greatest excitement prevailed, as it was expected an attack would be made upon the soldiers and an attempt made to seize the officers and hang them. No demonstrations were made, however. The train arrived at Las Vegas at 8 o'clock this morning. The desperado, Currie, was the same who shot and killed the actor, Porter, some years ago at Marshall, Texas, while the latter was trying to save some ladies from insult."

Three Bodies of the Schlossman Party Recovered.

BOZEMAN, Mont., March 18.—James Panceford and party, which went up the Bridger canyon to rescue the Schlossman party, buried in a snow avalanche, returned to-day with the bodies of Schlossman and one of the Hazard brothers and P. J. Smith. The other Hazard could not be found. The slide had crushed in the cabin, and all were badly crushed. They were dug out of eight feet of snow, with timbers across the bodies. The corpses were hauled by hand through deep snow five miles, to where the horses could be used. The parties must have been dead three weeks. All were buried this afternoon.

General Grant's Condition.

NEW YORK, March 18.—Dr. Douglas left General Grant at 11:30 to-night. He said General Grant retired at 11:30 last night and slept continuously four hours. He then arose and gargled his throat and returned to bed and slept an hour, after which his rest was disturbed. He arose at 10 a. m. He had slept about eight hours. He is bright, this evening, voice strong, took plenty of food, pulse normal, and suffered little if any pain. Dr. Shady met him at the house to-day. There has been no increase of the throat difficulty for the last three days. It seems to have been arrested.

Mutual Benefit Association.

CLEVELAND, March 18.—The United States Railway Mail Service Mutual Benefit Association met here to-day. The following amendment to the by-laws was adopted:

The amount to be paid the beneficiary of deceased members shall be the amount collected within sixty days from an assessment of \$2 upon each member in good standing on the date of the death of the member, less the sum of \$2.00, and provided further that the sixty days shall be computed from the date the assessment notice is issued.

The association is \$15,000 in debt.

Coal Oil Well Excitement.

BUTLER, Pa., March 18.—Markham well was shot this afternoon and failed to clean itself out. There is a well defined rumor that the well was not shot, but that the glycerine was taken out during the night and the fuse dropped into the hole with no glycerine. Considerable depends upon whether this well is good or not. If not the dry hole prospecting in Thorn Creek District will be abandoned. Nearly every branch of the petroleum trade of New York, Pittsburgh and the oil country was represented at the well to-day.

Texas Legislature.

GALVESTON, March 18.—The News Austin special says: "In the Senate this afternoon the bill making telegraph and telephone companies common carriers came up for final passage. It was defeated."

On the petition of W. C. Walsh, Commissioner of the General Land Office, the President of the Senate appointed a special committee to make a thorough and public investigation of the affairs of that office. This action is the result of certain serious charges made against Commissioner Walsh on the floor of the Senate."

The Hocking Valley Strike Again Ended.

COLUMBUS, O., March 18.—A convention of the striking miners at Stralville, with delegates from the Hocking Valley mines, to-day decided to accept 30 cents per ton. This ends the strike begun last April.

FROM ACROSS THE SEA.

The Terms of the Egyptian Financial Agreement by the European Powers Interested in Egypt.

Rumored Russian Advance on Afghan—A Knife Fight on an Irish Railroad.

GENERAL FOREIGN NEWS.

The Egyptian Financial Agreement.

LONDON, March 18.—Mr. Childers, Chancellor of the Exchequer, in the Commons, said the Egyptian financial agreement, signed recently, guaranteed a loan of \$45,000,000 to be used in lifting the Egyptian debt. The guarantee of this loan by other powers does not confer any right to interfere with England's internal administration of Egyptian affairs. The loan is to be liquidated by the repayment of \$1,575,000 annually, the sum to constitute the first charge against the Egyptian revenues until the entire loan is lifted. The normal annual expense of the Egyptian Government is fixed at the gross sum of \$26,185,000. This includes \$1,000,000 for maintaining the army of occupation. All foreigners resident in Egypt are to be taxed. An extensive investigation will be made into the revenue earning capacity of Egypt. While the inquiry is in progress there will be 5 per cent. reduction of interest on Suez Canal shares. The agreement also empowers the Khedive, in the event of necessity to further reductions during the inquiry, to summon an International Commission to make them. The interest on the loan guaranteed is not to exceed 3½ per cent. If any default in the payment of the principal or interest should occur, each guaranteeing power is answerable.

Murder on the Cork and Brandon Railroad.

DUBLIN, March 18.—There was great excitement on the line of the Cork and Brandon Railway to-day, occasioned by the finding of the bodies of two men, frightfully lacerated to death with knives and then thrown across the tracks to be mangled beyond all recognition. The tragedy is surrounded with mystery, but the police theory is that the men were passengers on a train, were murdered for the purpose of robbery, their assailants having secured seats in the compartment with their victims, and that the latter, after having been fatally stabbed, were thrown out of the car to be run over by other trains.

The Mystery of the Corpses Solved.

DUBLIN, March 18.—The mystery of two corpses, hacked and mutilated, on the track of the Cork and Brandon Railway is solved. It appears that four men, celebrating St. Patrick's day, at Cork, started to walk home along the line of the railway. All were drunk, and fought desperately with knives. Two were killed, and the survivors, badly cut, managed to drag the dead bodies on the Railway track. The survivors have been arrested.

Later—it is now definitely known that the fatal quarrel originated in a compartment of a car on the train from Brandon. The parties are all farmers.

A Row in the Viennese Chamber.

VIENNA, March 18.—In the Chamber of Representatives to-day two members, a Pole and a German, engaged in insulting personalities. The galleries freely cheered the disputants, according to their sympathies. At last the Pole advanced toward the German, threatening to thrash him. The Polish element in the galleries raised a tumult of applause. The Deputies at the same time were angrily shouting and shaking their hats. Finally the original disputants were separated by their friends and the session was hastily adjourned.

Bismarck's Birthday Present.

BERLIN, March 18.—The principal gift of the Emperor to Bismarck on the occasion of the latter's seventy-first birthday on the 1st proximo, will be a copy, by Von Verne, of his famous historical picture, entitled "The Proclamation of the German Empire at Versailles." The original was presented to the Kaiser by all the reigning sovereigns in Germany at the time of the unification.

Germany's African Slice.

LONDON, March 18.—The British members of the International African Association acceded to Germany all the territory east of the Upper Congo, bordering on the Lakes of Tanganyika and the Victoria Nyanza, including the station of Karama. The first route from Congo to Zanzibar, will be laid out by Germany.

The Mine Calamity—About 200 Lives Lost.

BERLIN, March 18.—The last reports from the colliery disaster at Camp Hansen state that ninety-eight bodies have been recovered. One hundred and two men and boys are unaccounted for. It is almost certain that all now in the mine must be dead, as the main and apparatus were destroyed by the explosion.

The Conservatives Postpone Their Action.

LONDON, March 18.—The Conservative leaders, after hearing Childers' statement of the Egyptian agreement, decided to postpone their action until the convention was presented to Parliament.

The Prince of Wales had a long conference with Granville before starting for Berlin.

Another Coal Mine Horror.

BERLIN, March 18.—Two hundred and seventeen miners were imprisoned by an explosion of fire-damp, in a colliery at Camphausen, near Saarbrück, in Rhenish Prussia this morning, and at a late hour this afternoon but seventeen had been rescued. It is feared that most of the 200 others have been suffocated.

Large Reinforcements Will be Needed.

KORTI, March 18.—A reinforcement of 25 per cent. of the present strength of the troops here will be required before autumn.

owing to sickness and death from heat. Canal drivers refuse to remain here. The navigation of the Nile is difficult. The transportation of the wounded is tedious.

The Duke of Connaught in Ireland. LONDON, March 18.—Rumors are current that the Prince of Wales, while in Ireland, will announce that the Duke of Connaught and family will reside in Dublin, the Duke succeeding Earl Spencer as Lord Lieutenant of Ireland.

Generals Granfell and Wood.

KORTI, March 18.—General Granfell will inspect the line of communication to Assiout, and command the Egyptian Army. General Wood will command the troops in the entire region between Merawi and Dongola.

The Amara Tribe Will Desert.

SUAKIM, March 18.—A general advance towards Toma will be made on Friday. Spies continue to report that the Amara tribe of Arabs will desert El Mahdi and join the British at the first favorable opportunity.

The Albanian Insurrection.

VARNA, March 18.—Several skirmishes have taken place between the Turkish troops and the Albanian insurgents in the vicinity of Vrisend. Two hundred and fifty Turks and a forty Albanians were killed.

Russians Moving Forward.

LONDON, March 18.—A general forward movement of Russian troops is reported behind the line of outposts. General Kamauroff is said to be encamped opposite the Afghan outposts of Aktepeh.

What a Slave Girl Says.

KORTI, March 18.—A slave girl in Khar-toum, when the city fell, states that a severe battle took place between Gordon's troops and the Arabs a fortnight before the city fell.

Egyptian Finances.

LONDON, March 18.—The morning papers generally accept the convention with the Powers regarding Egyptian finances as the best possible at this moment.

Will Answer Digma's Letter.

SUAKIM, March 18.—General Graham will send a reply to Osman Digma's letter to-morrow, advising him to surrender to prevent bloodshed.

Communists.

PARIS, March 18.—The Communists visited the tombs of the former leaders and enjoyed a tavern call. No public disorder.

Will Make an Advance.

SUAKIM, March 18.—The troops here will march on Friday. One regiment will remain to guard Suakim.

Rice as a Contraband of War.

BERLIN, March 18.—The North German Gazette justifies the action of the French in declaring rice contraband of war.

Driven From Their Village by Tramps.

GALVESTON, March 18.—The News Fort Worth special says: "This evening, at Hodge Junction, on the Missouri Pacific and Fort Worth and Denver Roads, a squad of tramps took possession of the village, driving the railroad employees and citizens away from the station at the point of the pistol. The incoming train brought reinforcements sufficient to drive the tramps out on the prairie. The tramps are congregating in such numbers that a conflict is apprehended."

Oklahoma Boomers.

KANSAS CITY, Mo., March 18.—The Times' Arkansas City, Kas., special says: "Scattering recruits still continue to arrive at the camp of the Oklahoma boomers, and there seems to be a determination to hold their ground until further action is taken by the Government. Reports are arriving of resistance among the Cheyenne Indians near Fort Reno. Two stockmen direct from that locality to-night report that the Indians are indulging in war dances at various points."

Attacked by Indians.

WATTSBURG, Mont., March 18.—Two drunken Indians when passing the ranch of John Rolfe, six miles from this place, yesterday afternoon, attacked Rolfe and his hired man with knives. While the men retreated to the cabin, and when the Indians had left, they organized a party and gave pursuit and overtook them. Rolfe fired and killed one Indian. The other Indian was committed to jail.

CONDENSED TELEGRAMS.

Twelve inches of snow fell yesterday morning at Spartansburg, S. C.

George Gray was daily elected Senator to succeed Secretary Bayard.

Newburgh, N. Y., reports that Susan Warner, the novelist, is dead, aged sixty-eight.

McCaffrey and Sullivan signed articles to-day for a glove contest, at Philadelphia, on April 2.

A distinct shock of earthquake was felt at Centocococ, N. H., a few minutes past noon yesterday.

The steam yacht Albatross, with Jay Gould and family on board, arrived yesterday evening at Charleston, S. C. from Havana. She made the run in forty hours.

A tank in the oil works of Zone & Fleming, Newton Creek, N. Y., exploded yesterday evening and 15,000 barrels of oil were destroyed. Loss estimated at \$20,000.

The New York Board of Trade commends President Cleveland and Cabinet for adherence to the civil service rules, and urges their observance wherever possible.

A Braddock (Pa.) special says James McCullough, injured by the explosion of gasoline last night, died this morning in great agony. The others burned are resting easy, and all will recover.

INDICATIONS.

WASHINGTON, March 19.—1 a. m.

For the Tennessee and Ohio Valley—Generally fair, warmer weather; winds generally wester